

### 1. COMPANY AND PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	:	WHITE SPIRIT (WS-200), WS-200
Application Uses	:	Industrial Solvent containing heavy aromatics for Asphalt Industries
Company Name	:	Verasuwan Company Limited
Company Address	:	53/2, 53/8 Moo 5, Setthakij 1 Road, Nadee, Muang
		Samutsakorn 74000, Thailand
E-mail	:	verasuwan@gmail.com
Emergency Telephone	:	(+66)-34-468-801

### 2. HAZARDS INDENTIFICATION

GHS classification	:	Flammable Liquids, Category 4
		Specific target organ systemic toxicity (Single Exposure), Category 3
		Narcotic effects.
		ASPIRATION Hazard, Category 1
		CARCINOGENICITY, Category 2
		AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE). Category 2
		AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC), Category 2

### **GHS label elements Symbols**



Signal words	: Danger
GHS Hazard statements	
Physical hazards	: H227 Combustible Liquid
Health hazards	: H304 May be fatal of swallowed and enter airways
	H316 Causes mild skin irritation
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
	H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
Environmental hazards	: H401 Toxic to aquatic life
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>GHS Precautionary statem</b>	ents
Prevention	: P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and
	understood.
	P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
	P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge
	P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/vapors/spray.
	P271 Use only out doors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Material Safety Data Sheet

	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
	P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
Response	: P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
	P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.
	P308+P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical
	advice/attention.
	P304+P340 IF INHALED remove to fresh air and keep at rest in
	a position comfortable for breathing.
	P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you fell unwell.
	P370+P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.
	P331: Do NOT induce vomiting
	P391 Collect spillage.
Storage	: P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P233 Keep container tightly closed.
	P405 Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or
	reclaimer in accordance with local and national regulations.

### 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Identity	:	Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum) with heavy aromatics
CAS No.	:	64742-95-6

Compositions:

Name	CAS No.	by Weight
Benzene	200-753-7	< 0.5
Petroleum Distillate	265-185-4	90 - 100
Heavy Aromatics	64742-94-5	< 0.5

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information	:	Not expected to be health hazard when used under normal
		conditions. Keep victim calm. Obtain medical treatment immediately
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to the
		nearest medical facility for additional treatment
Eye Contact	:	Flush eyes with water while holding eyelids open. Rest eyes for 30
		minutes. If redness, burning, blurred vision, or swelling persist,
		transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

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Ingestion	:	If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3° C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.
Note to physicians	:	Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. Breathing of high vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters. Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.
Immediate medical	:	Causes central nervous system depression.
attention and special	-	Dermatitis may result from prolonged or repeated exposure
treatment		Potential for chemical pneumonitis
treatment		Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Extinguish media	:	Foam, water sprat or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand Or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not discharge extinguishing water into the aquatic environment.
Unsuitable Extinguishin	<b>g</b> :	Do not use water in a jet
Media		
Specific Hazards	:	Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.
		Will float and can be reignited on surface water.
		The vapor is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant
		ignition is possible.
Protective Equipment	:	Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
Additional information	:	Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

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### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

		-	
	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Material Safety Data Sheet.
	Environmental		Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all
	precautions	:	possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment (of product and fire fighting water) to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapor or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.
	Methods and material	:	For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to
	for containment and		a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe
	clean Up		disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.
	Additional advice	:	See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.
7.	HANDLING AND STORAGE		
	General Precautions	:	Avoid breathing vapors or contact with material. Only use in well

General Precautions : Avoid breathing vapors or contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. On guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Precautions for Safe : Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and

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Handling

### Material Safety Data Sheet Varian Co., Lit.J. WHITE SPIRIT (WS-200)

		clothing. Electrostatic charges may be generated during
		pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure
		electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all
		equipment. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to
		avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (<= 1 m/sec until fill
		pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then <= 7 m/sec). Avoid
		splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging,
		or handling operations.
Conditions for safe	:	Must be stored in a diked (bunded) area. Bulk storage tanks
storage		should be diked (bunded). Keep away from flammables,
		oxidizing agents, and corrosives.
		Storage Temperature: Ambient.
Product transfer	:	Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed
		air for filling, discharging or handling.
Recommended materials	:	For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel.
		For container paints, use epoxy paint, zinc silicate paint.
Unsuitable materials	:	Avoid prolonged contact with natural, butyl or nitrile rubbers.
Container advice	:	Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain
		explosive vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar
		operations on or near containers.
Other advice	:	Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage
		facilities are followed.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Appropriate Engineering	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary
Controls		depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls
		based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate
		measures include: Use sealed systems as far as possible.
		Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne
		concentrations below the exposure guidelines /limits. Local
		exhaust ventilation is recommended. Firewater monitors and
		deluge systems are recommended. Eye washes and showers for
		emergency use.
Individual protection	:	Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet
Measures		recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
<b>Respiratory Protection</b>	:	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations
		to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select
		respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific
		conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with
		respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering
		respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of
		mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for organic gases and
		vapors [boiling point >65 °C (149 °F)] meeting EN14387. Where



	air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g., airborne
	concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined
	space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.
Hand protection :	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of
	gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US:
	F739, AS/NZS:2161) made from the following materials may
	provide suitable chemical protection: Longer term protection:
	Nitrile rubber gloves Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC
	or neoprene rubber gloves Personal hygiene is a key element of
	effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands.
	After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried
	thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is
	recommended.
Body protection :	Use protective clothing which is chemical resistant to this
	material. Safety shoes and boots should also be chemical
	resistant.

Monitoring Methods Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state and appearance	:	Pale yellow liquid
Odor	:	Aromatic
Odor threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
Boiling Range	:	Typical 170 – 260 °C
Pour point	:	Typical -20 °C
Flash point	:	Typical 45 °C (ASTM D-93, PMCC)
Explosion / Flammability	:	0.6 – 7.0 %Vol
Limits in air		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	300 °C / 572 °F (ASTM E-659)
Vapor pressure	:	< 1.5 kPa at 20 °C / 68 °F
Specific gravity	:	0.810 – 0.850 at 15 °C / 60 °F
Density	:	Typical 835 kg/m3 at 15 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 60 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ (ASTM D-1298)
Water Solubility	:	Insoluble
n-octanol/water as partition	:	2.6 – 5.3
coefficient (log P <sub>ow</sub> )		
Decomposition Temperature	:	Stable under normal conditions of use
Kinematic viscosity	:	1.68 – 1.75 mm²/s at 25 °C / 77 °F
Vapor density (air=1)	:	3.80
Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)	:	< 0.5 (ASTM D 3539)
Volatile organic carbon	:	65% (EC/1999/13)

## Material Safety Data Sheet Jaran Juli Co. Lit. WHITE SPIRIT (WS-200)

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	:	Data not available
Stability	:	Stable under normal conditions of use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Data not available
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
		Prevent vapor accumulation.
Material to avoid hazardous	:	Strong oxidizing agents
Decomposition products	:	Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions.
		A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases,
		including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other
		organic compounds will be evolved when this material
		undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.
Sensitivity to static discharge	:	Yes, in certain circumstances product can ignite due to static
		electricity.

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for Assessment	:	Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components.
Routes of exposure	:	Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,
		skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.
Acute Toxicity	:	Low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat
Acute Dermal Toxicity	:	Low toxicity
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	:	Expected to be low toxicity if inhaled.
		High concentrations may cause central nervous system
		depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea.
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Not irritating to skin.
		Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin
		which can lead to dermatitis.
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Not irritating to eye.
Respiratory Irritation	:	Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause irritation to the
		respiratory system.
Skin or respiratory	:	Not a skin sensitizer.
Sensitization		Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause
		chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity		Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect. (Naphthalene)
Reproductive and	:	Not expected to impair fertility
Developmental toxicity		Causes foetotoxicity in animals at doses, maternally toxic.
		May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Specific target organ toxicity-	:	
single exposure		Kidney – caused kidney effects in male rats which are not
Specific target organ toxicity-	:	considered relevant to humans.
repeated exposure		

# Material Safety Data Sheet Varian Co., Lit. WHITE SPIRIT (WS-200)

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	:	Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.
Acute Toxicity		
Fish	:	Toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10 mg/l
Aquatic Invertebrates	:	Toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10 mg/l
Algae	:	Toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10 mg/l
Microorganisms	:	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10 mg/l
Chronics Toxicity		
Fish	:	NOEC/NOEL expected to be >0.1 - <=1.0 mg/l
		(based on modeled data)
Aquatic invertebrates	:	NOEC/NOEL expected to be >0.1 - <=1.0 mg/l
		(based on modeled data)
Persistence and degradability	:	Biodegradable.
		Oxidizes rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.
Bioaccumulative potential	:	Has potential to bio-accumulate.
Mobility		Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility. Floats on water.
DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
Material Disposal	:	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the
		waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical
		properties of the material generated to determine the
		proper waste classification and disposal methods in
		compliance with applicable regulations.
		Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water
		courses. Waste product should not be allowed to
		contaminate soil or water.
Container Disposal	:	Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place
		away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion
		hazard. Do not, puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums. Send to
		drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.
Local Legislation	:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,
		national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may
		be more stringent than regional or national requirements and
		must be complied with.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

13.

Land (as per ADR classification)	:	Regulated
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Hazard Identification no.	:	30
UN no.	:	1300



Danger label (primary risk)	:	3
Proper shipping name	:	Mineral Turpentine, Turpentine substitute
Environmentally Hazardous	:	Yes
UMDG		
Identification number	:	UN 1300
Proper shipping name	:	Turpentine substitute
Class / Division	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Marine pollutant	:	Yes
ΙΑΤΑ		
(Country variation may apply)		
UN no		1300
Proper shipping name		Turpentine substitute
Class / Division		3
Packing group	•	5 111
Sea (Annex II of MARPOL 73/78		
and the IBC code)		
Pollution Category	:	Annex I
Ship Type	:	2
Product name	:	White Spirit, high aromatics, Aromatic naphtha
		(having less than 10 % benzene)
Special Precaution	:	Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special
		precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to
		comply with in connection with transport.

### 15. Regulatory Information

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

### **Chemical Inventory Status**

DSL	:	Listed	
INV	:	Listed	
TSCA	:	Listed	
EINECS	:	Listed	265-198-5
KECI (KR)	:	Listed	KE-31656
PICCS (PH)	:	Listed	

Material Safety Data Sheet

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### 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (USA)



#### GHS Hazard Statements

H225	:	Highly Flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	:	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	:	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
H340	:	May cause genetic defects.
H350	:	May cause cancer (state route of exposure if it is conclusively
		proven that no routes of exposure cause hazard).
H351	:	Suspected of causing cancer. (state route of exposure if it is
		conclusively proven that no routes of exposure cause hazard).
H372	:	Causes damage to organs through prolong or repeated
		exposure.
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Disclaimer:** This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.